

لام شمسية

Sun Letters

Definition

Lām Shamsiyyah is the "sun letter Lām" — a silent "L" (لام) in the definite article "ال" (al-) that is not pronounced when followed by a sun letter (حرف شمسي). Instead, the first letter of the noun is doubled using shaddah (ّ).

Rule

When "ال" comes before a sun letter (حرف شمسي):

The "Lām" (ل) is silent

The sun letter is pronounced with shaddah (ّ)

What are the Sun Letters? (حروف

شمسية)

The 14 sun letters are:

ت، ث، د، ذ، ر، ز، س، ش، ص، ض،
ط، ظ، ل، ن

You can memorize them using the phrase:

"تَثْرُدُ رَسْشُ صَضُطْظُ لَنْ"

These letters cause **assimilation** (Idghām) of the Lām in "ال".

Examples



This letter has Shaddah

و

We write this ل but don't pronounce it!

The Sun

الشَّمْسُ ش

The Merchant

التَّاجِرُ ت

The Chest

الصَّدْرُ ص

The Dress

الثَّوْبُ ث

The Guest

الضَّيْفُ ض

The Rooster

الدَّيْكُ د

The Student

الطَّالِبُ ط

The Gold

الذَّهَبُ ز

The Injustice

الظُّلْمُ ظ

The Man

الرَّجُلُ ر

The Meat

اللَّحْمُ ل

The Flower

الزَّهْرَةُ ز

The Star

النَّجْمُ ن

The Fish

السَّمَكُ س



لام قمرية

Moon Letters



Definition

Lām Qamariyyah is the "moon letter Lām" — a pronounced "L" (لام) in the definite article "ال" (al-) when it comes before a moon letter (حرف قمرى).

Rule

When "ال" (al-) is followed by a moon letter:

- The Lām (ل) is pronounced clearly
- The next letter is not doubled (no shaddah)

What are the Moon Letters? (حروف قمرية)

The 14 moon letters are:

أ، ب، ج، ح، خ، ع، غ، ف، ق، ك، م، هـ، و، ي

You can memorize them using this mnemonic phrase:

"ابغ حجك وخف عقيمه"

(*abgh hajjaka wakhif 'aqīmahu*) — a classical Arabic memory aid.

How to Spot Lām Qamariyyah:

- The letter after "ال" is a moon letter
- The "Lām" (ل) is pronounced
- The next letter has no shaddah

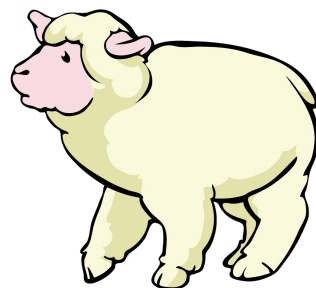
Examples →

The Mouth الْفَمُ	ف	The Teacher الْأُسْتَاذُ	أ
The Moon الْقَمَرُ	ق	The Door الْبَابُ	ب
The Book الْكِتَابُ	ك	The Jannah الْجَنَّةُ	ج
The School الْمَدْرَسَةُ	م	The donkey الْجِمَارُ	ح
The Air الْهَوَاءُ	هـ	The Bread الْخُبْزُ	خ
The Boy الْوَلَدُ	و	The Spring/eye الْعَيْنُ	ع
The Day الْيَوْمُ	ي	The Crow الْغُرَابُ	غ

ي

مَدّ بِالْيَاءِ

Madd with Yā'



What is مَدّ بِالْيَاءِ (Madd with Yā' / مَدّ بِالْيَاءِ) in Arabic?

مَدّ بِالْيَاءِ (Madd bi al-Yā') is one of the **three natural madd letters** (حروف المد) used in **Tajweed and Arabic phonetics**. It refers to **lengthening the vowel sound ee (ي)** when preceded by a kasrah (ـِ).

Definition:

مَدّ بِالْيَاءِ: A **madd (extension)** that occurs when the letter **Yā'** (ي) is preceded by a **kasrah (ـِ)**, and the **Yā' is sakin (يْ)** and **not a part of the root word's consonants**.

It's a type of **natural madd (مَدّ طبيعي)** — extended **two harakahs** (counts).

Structure:

- **Kasrah (ـِ)** before
- **Sākin Yā' (يْ)** after

Pattern:

ـِ = يْ + ـِ (long "ee")



Example Words of Madd with Yā' (مَدّ بِالْيَاءِ):

Arabic Word	With Madd	Transliteration	Meaning
كِتَابِي	ي	kitābī	my book
قِيلَ	ي	qīla	it was said
حَمِيمٍ	ي	ḥamīmīn	boiling water (in Hell)
سَمِيعٌ	ي	samī'un	All-Hearing
مَنْيِبٌ	ي	manībun	one who repents

In each example, the **kasrah** + يْ creates the **long "ee"** sound (like in "sheep").

حروف الجر

Prepositions

Definition

A preposition (حَرْفُ الْجَرِّ - called /harf ul jarr/ in Arabic) is a single letter or a word which connects two nouns, or a verb and a noun to form a sentence.

حرف الجرّ	Meaning	Example Arabic	Example Translation
مِنْ	from	مِنْ الْبَيْتِ	from the house
إِلَى	to / towards	إِلَى الْمَدْرَسَةِ	to the school
عَنْ	about / from	عَنْ الطَّالِبِ	about the student
عَلَى	on / upon	عَلَى الطَّاوِلَةِ	on the table
فِي	in / inside	فِي الْمَسْجِدِ	in the mosque
بِـ	by / with (means)	بِالْقَلَمِ	with the pen
كَـ	like / as	كَالْأَسَدِ	like a lion
لِـ	for / belonging to	لِلْمُعَلِّمِ	for the teacher





تنوين ضمة Tanween Damma



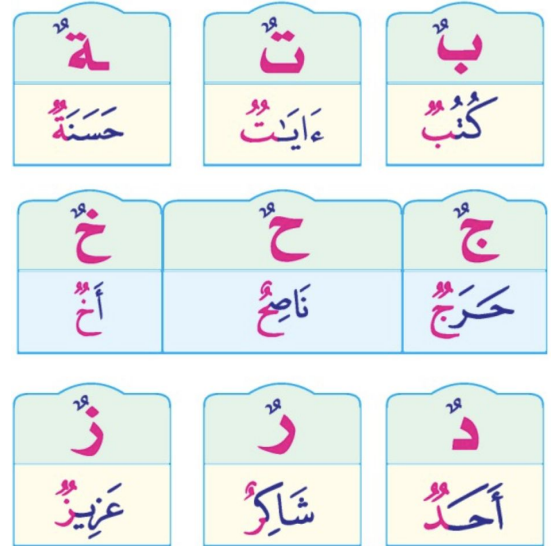
What is تنوين ضمة Tanween Damma (ُ)?

Tanween Damma is a short vowel symbol in Arabic (ُ) that adds the “-un” sound to the end of an indefinite noun.

- It looks like: (ُ) ضمتين
- It sounds like: “-un”
- It means: The word is **indefinite** (not specific – like "a book" instead of "the book").

Examples of تنوين ضمة Tanween Damma in Arabic and English:

Arabic (with tanween)	Pronunciation	English Meaning
كِتَابٌ	kitaabun	a book
قَلَمٌ	qalamun	a pen
وَلَدٌ	waladun	a boy
بَيْتٌ	baytun	a house
قَمَرٌ	qamarun	a moon
نَجْمٌ	najmun	a star
كُرَّةٌ	kuratun	a ball
سَيَّارَةٌ	sayyaaratun	a car



Example Sentences:

- هذا كِتَابٌ مُفِيدٌ.
→ This is a useful book.
- رَأَيْتُ قَمَرًا فِي السَّمَاءِ، وَكَانَ بِجَانِبِهِ نَجْمٌ
→ I saw a moon in the sky, and there was a star next to it.
- اشْتَرَيْتُ قَلَمًا جَدِيدًا، وَكُرَّةً أَيْضًا
→ I bought a new pen and also a ball.



حَرْفٌ مُشَدَّدٌ

Haraf Mushaddad

Definition

A **ḥarf mushaddad** (حرف مشدد) is a letter that has a **shaddah** (ّ) on it.
It is pronounced twice:

- First as a **sukoon** (no vowel)
- Then as a **voweled** letter

Explanation

The **shaddah** (ّ) indicates that the letter is **doubled** in pronunciation, even though it is **written once**.

So when you see a **shaddah**, it means:

- There are **two of the same letter** back-to-back.
- The **first** one is **sukoon (silent)**, the **second** carries the **vowel**.

Examples of حرف مشدد (Harf Mushaddad):

Word	Harf Mushaddad	Pronunciation	Meaning
مَدّ	دّ	<i>madd</i> (mad-da)	to extend
شَدّ	دّ	<i>shadd</i> (shad-da)	to pull
حَقّ	قّ	<i>ḥaqq</i> (ḥaq-qa)	truth / right
أُمَّة	مّ	<i>ummah</i> (um-mah)	nation
مَرَّة	رّ	<i>marr-ah</i>	one time / once
مُعَلِّم	لّ	<i>mu'allim</i>	teacher

Summary

Term	Arabic	Meaning
Harf	حرف	Letter
Mushaddad	مُشَدَّد	Doubled (with a shaddah)
Harf Mushaddad	حرف مشدد	A letter with a shaddah (ّ)